

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated in the following listing of all claims:

1. (Previously Presented) A processor comprising:
a register;
at least one writable store that, based on one or more values encoded therein, delimits a subset of memory addresses, wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses from which memory is dynamically allocated; and
a prefetch facility that initiates a prefetch based on correspondence of a value destined for the register with the delimited subset of memory addresses.
2. (Original) The processor of claim 1, further comprising:
logic responsive to an address calculation, the logic initiating the prefetch based on a match between the calculated address and the delimited subset of memory addresses.
3. (Original) The processor of claim 1, further comprising:
logic responsive to storage of a value into the register, the logic initiating the prefetch based on a match between the stored value and the delimited subset of memory addresses.
4. (Original) The processor of claim 1, further comprising:
address match logic that initiates the prefetch based on a match between the value destined for the register and the delimited subset of memory addresses, wherein the match is performed at a pipeline stage between address calculation and storage to the register.
5. (Original) The processor of claim 1,
wherein the value destined for the register is destined for an architectural register or any reorder buffer state corresponding thereto.

6. (Original) The processor of claim 1,
wherein the register is a register of an operative register set.
7. (Original) The processor of claim 6,
wherein the operative register set corresponds to a particular thread or process; and
wherein the delimited subset of memory addresses correspond to locations dynamically
allocated by or for the particular thread or process.
8. (Original) The processor of claim 1,
wherein the at least one writable store includes a pair of registers whose contents delimit
a contiguous range of memory addresses.
9. (Original) The processor of claim 1,
wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers a range of memory addresses that
correspond to a heap.
10. (Original) The processor of claim 1,
wherein the prefetch is performed by the processor without presence of a corresponding
prefetch instruction in an instruction sequence.
11. (Previously Presented) A processor that automatically prefetches data from memory
based on detection, by the processor, of a likely pointer value destined for a register of the
processor, wherein the processor detects the likely pointer value by comparing a value destined
for the register with a delimited subset of memory addresses, and wherein, at runtime, the
delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses from which memory is dynamically
allocated.
12. Cancelled.
13. Cancelled.
14. Cancelled.

15. Cancelled.

16. (Previously Presented) A method of automatically prefetching at least some data in a computer system, the method comprising:

executing an instruction sequence including a first instruction that targets a register; and initiating, without a corresponding prefetch instruction in the instruction sequence, prefetch of data corresponding to a likely pointer value destined for the register as a result of the execution of the first instruction; and matching the likely pointer value against contents of at least one writable store that delimits a subset of addressable memory, wherein the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses from which memory is dynamically allocated by or in the course of the instruction sequence.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising:

executing a memory access instruction that uses contents of the register as an address value, wherein prior performance of the prefetch allows the memory access instruction to be serviced from cache.

18. Cancelled.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the at least one writable store includes a pair of registers that encode bounds of at least one contiguous portion of the delimited subset of addressable memory.

20. Cancelled.

21. (*Currently Amended*) The method of claim 16, further comprising: initializing the at least one writable store to correspond to bounds of ~~the~~ a heap.

22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, further comprising: initializing the at least one writable store to correspond to a range of memory addresses used for storage of lock states.

23. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising:
prefetching at least some other data based on a prefetch instruction in the instruction
sequence.
24. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising:
prefetching at least some other data based on a prediction of memory access strides.
25. (Previously Presented) A method of operating a processor comprising:
detecting a likely pointer value destined for a register of the processor; wherein the likely
pointer value detection includes comparing against a predefined address pattern
that delimits a subset of memory from which storage is dynamically allocated;
and
prefetching from memory data corresponding to the likely pointer value.
26. Cancelled.
27. (Original) The method of claim 25,
wherein the likely pointer value detection includes comparing data values being stored
into a register file against a predefined address pattern.
28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25,
wherein the likely pointer value detection includes scanning values stored in a register
file or reorder buffer and comparing the scanned values against the predefined
address pattern.
29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25,
wherein the processor supports speculative execution; and
wherein the likely pointer value detection includes comparing against the predefined
address pattern, register states that become non-speculative.
30. (Original) The method of claim 25,

wherein the likely pointer value detection includes comparing against a predefined address pattern, address values calculated on execution of certain instructions of an instruction set.

31. (*Currently Amended*) The method of claim 26 25, wherein the predefined address pattern is defined by contents of at least one writable store of the processor.

32. (*Currently Amended*) The method of claim 26 25, wherein the predefined address pattern delimits one or more contiguous ranges of memory addresses.

33. Cancelled.

34. (Previously Presented) An apparatus comprising:
a processor; and
means for automatically prefetching certain data from memory based on detection of a likely pointer value destined for a register of the processor, wherein the processor detects the likely pointer value by comparing a value destined for the register with a delimited subset of memory addresses, and wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses from which memory is dynamically allocated.

35. Cancelled.

36. (*Currently Amended*) A method of making a processor that includes an automatic prefetch facility, the method comprising:
during fabrication of an integrated circuit, defining thereon at least one writable store of the processor suitable for delimiting, at runtime, a subset of addressable memory from which storage is dynamically allocable; and

during fabrication of the integrated circuit, defining thereon likely pointer value detection logic coupled to the at least one writable store and responsive to data values destined for register storage of the processor.

37. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses coextensive with a heap.

38. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, wherein the delimited subset covers a programmable range of addresses.

39. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 11, wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses coextensive with a heap.

40. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 11, wherein the delimited subset covers a programmable range of addresses.

41. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 16, wherein, at runtime, the delimited subset covers at least one range of addresses coextensive with a heap.

42. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 16, wherein the delimited subset covers a programmable range of addresses.